Keeping People Safe



FREEDOM OF INFORMATION REQUEST

OF INFORMATION

Request Number: F-2021-00056

Keyword: Organisational Information/Governance

Subject: Request for Third Party Personal Information

Request and Answer:

In relation to these requests, the Police Service of Northern Ireland ('PSNI') is providing a Neither Confirm nor Deny (NCND) response. This means we can neither confirm nor deny that we hold the information you have requested. We will explain how the exemption we are relying upon operates in our response below.

Request

My request is to ascertain how many times in the last 2 years Police have called at 'private residential details withheld'. This is the home of 'personal details withheld', who are both well known to Police. They rent the Property from a local businessman.

Answer

In accordance with the Act, this letter represents a Refusal Notice for this particular request. The Police Service of Northern Ireland can neither confirm nor deny that it holds the information you have requested.

Section 1 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (FOIA) places two duties on public authorities. Unless exemptions apply, the first duty at Section 1(1)(a) is to confirm or deny whether the information specified in the request is held. The second duty at Section 1(1)(b) is to disclose information that has been confirmed as being held.

Where exemptions are relied upon Section 17(1) of FOIA requires that we provide the applicant with a notice which

a) states that fact,

- b) specifies the exemption(s) in question and
- c) states (if that would not otherwise be apparent) why the exemption applies.

The Police Service of Northern Ireland (PSNI) can Neither Confirm Nor Deny that it holds the information relevant to your request as the duty in Section 1(1)(a) of the Freedom of Information Act 2000 does not apply by virtue of the following exemption:

Section 40(5B)(a)(i) - Personal Information - the duty to confirm or deny does not arise if to do so would contravene any of the data protection principles.

'Neither Confirm nor Deny' (NCND)

There may be occasions when complying with the duty to confirm or deny under section 1(1) (a) would in itself disclose sensitive or potentially damaging information that falls under an exemption. In these circumstances, the Act allows a public authority to respond by refusing to confirm or deny whether it holds the requested information.

The decision to issue a 'neither confirm nor deny' response is not affected by whether we do or do not hold the information but relates to the consequences of confirming or denying the information is held. The starting point and main focus in most cases will be theoretical considerations about the consequences of confirming or denying that a particular type of information is held. The decision to neither confirm nor deny is separate from a decision not to disclose information and needs to be taken entirely on its own merits.

PSNI follow the Information Commissioner's Guidance in relation to 'NCND' and you may find it helpful to refer to this at the following link:

https://ico.org.uk/media/fororganisations/documents/1166/when to refuse to confirm or deny section 1 foia.pdf

Exemption explained

Section 40 (5B) (a) (i) is an absolute exemption; therefore it is not necessary to carry out a public interest test.

The full text of exemptions can be found at <u>www.legislation.gov.uk</u> and further guidance on how they operate can be located on the Information Commissioners Office website <u>www.ico.org.uk</u>.

40(5B) (a) (i) - Personal Information

(5B) The duty to confirm or deny does not arise in relation to other information if or to the extent that any of the following applies -

(a) giving a member of the public the confirmation or denial that would have to be given to comply with section 1(1)(a)

(i) would (apart from this Act) contravene any of the data protection principles

The release of information under FOIA is a release into the public domain and not just to the individual requesting the information. Once information is disclosed under this legislation there is no control or limits as to who or how the information is shared with other individuals, therefore a release under FOIA is considered a disclosure to the world in general.

To confirm or deny that PSNI hold or do not hold information would in fact confirm information about an individual. This would amount to a release into the public domain of personal information about an individual and likely to cause distress. The individual would have no expectation that these details would be released into the public domain; therefore PSNI would breach its data protection obligations and be unfair to individuals.

As we have set out in relation to the NCND exemption at section 40 above the decision to issue a 'neither confirm nor deny' response is not affected by whether we do or do not hold the information but relates to the consequences of confirming or denying the information is held. The starting point and main focus in most cases will be theoretical considerations about the consequences of confirming or denying that a particular type of information is held. The decision to neither confirm nor deny is separate from a decision not to disclose information and needs to be taken entirely on its own merits.

However, this should not be taken as conclusive evidence that the information you requested exists or does not exist.

If you have any queries regarding your request or the decision please do not hesitate to contact me on 028 9070 0164. When contacting the Corporate Information Branch, please quote the reference number listed at the beginning of this letter.

If you are dissatisfied in any way with the handling of your request, you have the right to request a review. You should do this as soon as possible or in any case within two months of the date of issue of this letter. In the event that you require a review to be undertaken, you can do so by writing to the Head of Corporate Information Branch, PSNI Headquarters, 65 Knock Road, Belfast, BT5 6LE or by emailing foi@psni.pnn.police.uk.

If following an internal review, carried out by an independent decision maker, you were to remain dissatisfied in any way with the handling of the request you may make a complaint, under Section 50 of the Freedom of Information Act, to the Information Commissioner's Office and ask that they investigate whether the PSNI has complied with the terms of the Freedom of Information Act. You can write to the Information Commissioner at Information Commissioner's Office, Wycliffe House, Water Lane, Wilmslow, Cheshire, SK9 5AF. In most circumstances the Information Commissioner will not investigate a complaint unless an internal review procedure has been carried out, however the Commissioner has the option to investigate the matter at his discretion.

Please be advised that PSNI replies under Freedom of Information may be released into the public domain via our website @ www.psni.police.uk

Personal details in respect of your request have, where applicable, been removed to protect confidentiality.