



Police Recorded Security Situation Statistics

1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025

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Key Statistics

During 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025:

- there were no security related deaths, compared to one during the previous 12 months.
- there were fewer shootings, bombings and paramilitary style attacks than during the previous 12 months.
- there were 4 bombing incidents, compared to 6 during the previous 12 months and 16 shooting incidents, compared to 20.
- there were 20 casualties of paramilitary style assaults, compared to 27 during the previous 12 months. The greatest number of assaults occurred in Belfast (11). All 20 casualties were aged 18 years or older.
- there were 8 casualties of paramilitary style shootings, compared to 9 during the previous 12 months. Ards and North Down experienced 4 such attacks, while Causeway Coast and Glens experienced 3 and Derry City and Strabane experienced one. All 8 casualties were aged 18 years or older.
- there were 33 security related arrests under Section 41 of the Terrorism Act 2000, compared to 83 during the previous 12 months.
- 5 persons were subsequently charged, compared to 17 during the previous 12 months.



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We welcome user feedback on these statistics. This can be sent to the email address on the cover page or by contacting us at the telephone number provided.

1. Things you need to know about this release

Coverage

Police Recorded Statistics on the Security Situation for Northern Ireland are collated and produced by statisticians seconded to the Police Service of Northern Ireland (PSNI) from the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA).

Police recorded statistics relating to the security situation in Northern Ireland are the main source of official information on trends and statistics relating to the security situation throughout the Troubles and up to the present day. The PSNI produces statistics on incidents relating to the security situation that are reported to the police, including security related deaths, shooting and bombing incidents, paramilitary style attacks and arrests under Section 41 of the Terrorism Act 2000.

This monthly bulletin presents the most recent security situation statistics for the period 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025. Figures for the financial year 2025/26 are provisional and subject to minor amendment. An accompanying <u>spreadsheet</u> is available on our website which outlines the data in this bulletin and historic trends. Further information on how these statistics are collated, reported and used is included in the <u>Security Situation Statistics User Guide</u> available on the <u>PSNI website</u>. The next monthly update, which will be the finalised end of year report, will be published on 8 August 2025.

The security situation figures relate to those incidents that took place within Northern Ireland, they do not include any security related incidents that may have happened either in the Republic of Ireland or in Great Britain.

These statistics only include those incidents that are brought to the attention of the police and some such incidents may not have been reported. Therefore a level of under-reporting may exist and users of the statistics should exercise caution when examining trends based on these police statistics.

Accredited Official Statistics

<u>Accredited Official Statistics</u>¹ are official statistics that have been independently reviewed by Office for Statistics Regulation (OSR) and confirmed to comply with the standards of trustworthiness, quality and value in the <u>Code of Practice for Statistics</u>. Producers of accredited official statistics are legally required to ensure they maintain compliance with the Code. Accredited official statistics are called National Statistics in the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007.

These accredited official statistics were independently reviewed by the Office for Statistics Regulation in June 2012. They comply with the standards of trustworthiness, quality and value in the Code of Practice for Statistics and should be labelled 'accredited official statistics'.

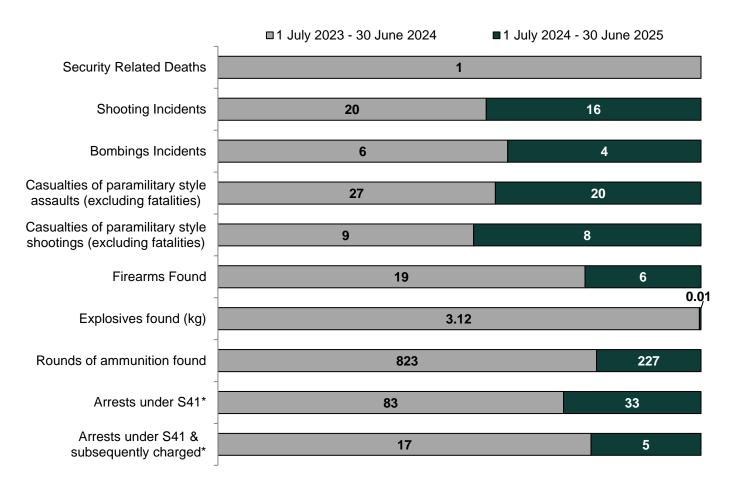
Our statistical practice is regulated by the Office for Statistics Regulation (OSR). OSR sets the standards of trustworthiness, quality and value in the Code of Practice for Statistics that all producers of official statistics should adhere to. You are welcome to contact us directly with any comments about how we meet these standards by emailing statistics@psni.police.uk. Alternatively, you can contact OSR by emailing regulation@statistics.gov.uk or via the Office for Statistics Regulation website.

¹ From 7 June 2024 the Accredited Official Statistics badge replaced the National Statistics badge.

2. Summary Statistics

Figure 1 summarises the number of security related incidents during the past 12 months compared to the previous 12 months.

Figure 1: Comparison of security incidents between 1 July 2023 – 30 June 2024 and 1 July 2024 – 30 June 2025.



^{*} Figures in this publication include only those arrests that are linked to the security situation in Northern Ireland; persons who have been arrested under Section 41 of the Terrorism Act for other reasons are excluded.

3. Ten year trends (by financial year)

Figure 2: Number of deaths due to the security situation 2015/16 - 2024/25

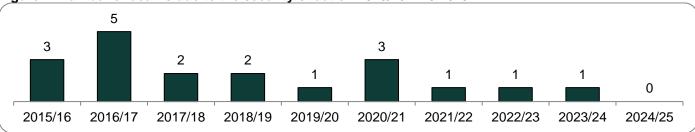


Figure 3: Number of shooting and bombing incidents 2015/16 - 2024/25

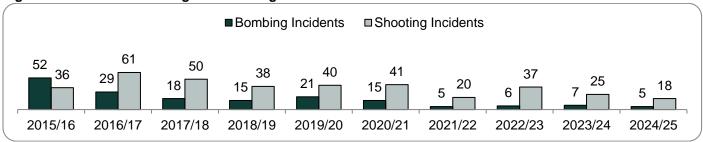


Figure 4: Number of casualties as a result of paramilitary style shootings^(1,2) 2015/16 – 2024/25

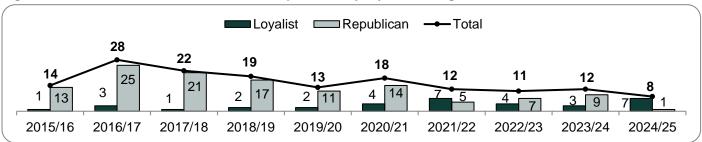


Figure 5: Number of casualties as a result of paramilitary-style assaults(1,2) 2015/16 - 2024/25

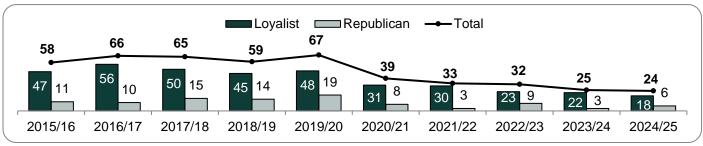
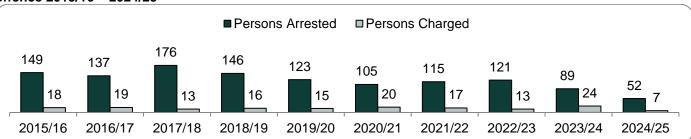


Figure 6: Number of persons arrested under Section 41 of the Terrorism Act & subsequently charged with any offence 2015/16 – 2024/25



⁽¹⁾ Paramilitary style assaults/shootings that result in death are counted as security related deaths and are not reflected in the paramilitary style assault/shooting figures.(2) Attribution is as perceived by PSNI based on the information available at the time of the incident and does not necessarily indicate the involvement of a paramilitary organisation.

4. Commentary

4.1 Security Related Deaths

Security related deaths are those which are considered at the time of the incident to be directly attributed to terrorism, where the cause has a direct or proximate link to subversive / sectarian strife or where the death is attributable to security force activity.

 There were no security related deaths during the last 12 month period, compared to one during the previous 12 months. The last such death occurred in Belfast in January 2024.

4.2 Shooting Incidents

These include any shooting incident relating to the security situation and include shots fired by terrorists, shots fired by the security forces, paramilitary style attacks involving shootings and shots heard (and later confirmed by other sources).

- There were 16 shooting incidents during the last 12 months, compared to 20 during the previous 12 months. See Figure 7 for a monthly breakdown over the past 24 month period.
- Of the 16 shooting incidents in the last 12 months, Ards and North Down experienced 6 shootings, Derry City and Strabane and Causeway Coast and Glens each experienced 4, while Belfast and Mid and East Antrim each experienced one shooting.
- Belfast saw a noticeable decrease in the number of shootings compared to the previous 12 months, from 7 to 1, while the number in Derry City and Strabane also decreased, from 9 to 4. Figures for all Districts can be found in Section 5.

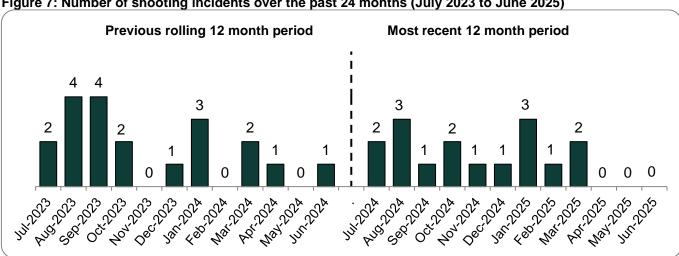


Figure 7: Number of shooting incidents over the past 24 months (July 2023 to June 2025)

4.3 Bombing Incidents

These include all incidents where a bombing device explodes or is defused. If a device is found that is not complete or armed, then it is recorded as a 'find' and not as a bombing.

- There were 4 bombing incidents during the last 12 months, compared to 6 during the previous 12 months. See Figure 8 for a monthly breakdown. There have been no bombings incidents in the past 7 months.
- Of the 4 bombing incidents, 2 occurred in each of the Districts Causeway Coast and Glens and Derry City and Strabane.

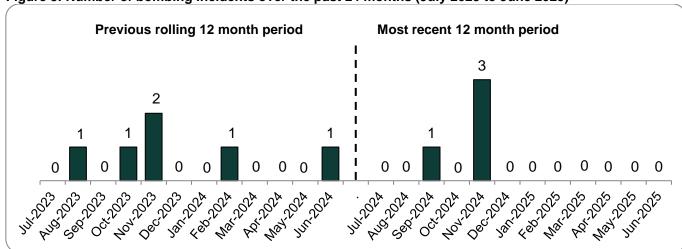


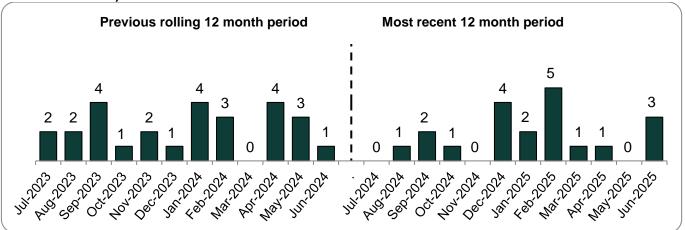
Figure 8: Number of bombing incidents over the past 24 months (July 2023 to June 2025)

4.4 Paramilitary Style Assaults

Paramilitary style assaults are usually carried out by Loyalist or Republican groups on members of their own community as a so-called punishment. The assault will involve major or minor physical injury to the injured party typically involving a group of assailants armed with, for example, iron bars or baseball bats. Paramilitary style assaults that result in death are counted as 'security related deaths' and are not reflected in the paramilitary style assault figures.

- There were 20 casualties of paramilitary style assaults during the last 12 months, compared to 27 during the previous 12 months. The greatest number of assaults occurred in Belfast (11). There were paramilitary style assaults recorded in 5 other policing Districts during the same period, see Section 5 for further detail.
- All 20 casualties of paramilitary style assaults during the last 12 months were aged 18 years and above.
- There was a marked decrease in the number of paramilitary style assaults in Mid and East Antrim (from 5 to 1) compared to the previous year.

Figure 9: Number of casualties resulting from paramilitary style assaults⁽¹⁾ over the last 24 months (July 2023 to June 2025)



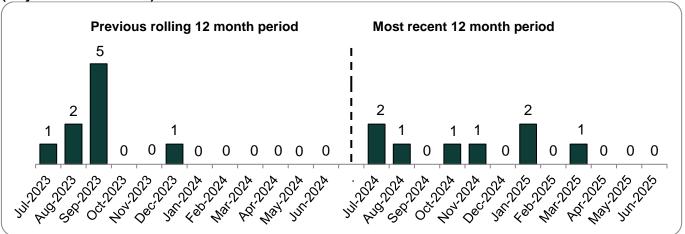
(1) Paramilitary style assaults that result in death are counted as security related deaths and are not included in the casualties of paramilitary style assaults figures.

4.5 Paramilitary Style Shootings

Paramilitary style shootings usually result in the injured party being shot in the knees, elbows, feet, ankles or thighs and the motive is supposedly to punish the person for antisocial activities. These paramilitary style shootings are generally conducted by Loyalist or Republican paramilitary groups on members of their own community. Paramilitary style shootings that result in death are counted as 'security related deaths' and are not reflected in the paramilitary style shooting figures.

- There were 8 casualties of paramilitary style shootings during the last 12 months, compared to 9 during the previous 12 months.
- Ards and North Down experienced 4 paramilitary style shootings, while Causeway Coast and Glens experienced 3 and Derry City and Strabane experienced one.
- There were no paramilitary style shootings in Belfast during the last 12 months, compared to 4 during the previous 12 months. The last paramilitary style shooting in Belfast occurred in September 2023.
- All 8 casualties of paramilitary style shootings during the last 12 months were aged 18 years and above.

Figure 10: Number of casualties resulting from paramilitary style shootings⁽¹⁾ over the last 24 months (July 2023 to June 2025)



(1) Paramilitary style shootings that result in death are counted as security related deaths and are not included in the casualties of paramilitary style shootings figures.

4.6 Finds of Firearms, Explosives and Ammunition

These refer to the seizure or recovery of all illegal firearms, ammunition, explosives, rocket/mortar launchers, detonators and bomb making material/equipment. Replica/blank firing firearms, petrol bombs and petrol bomb making materials, grenades and munitions from World War 1 or World War 2 found on the beach or in attics etc. are not recorded as finds.

Firearms Finds

 There were 6 firearms found during the past 12 months, compared to 19 during the previous 12 months.

Explosive Finds

 There were 0.01kg of explosives found during the past 12 months compared to 3.12kg during the previous 12 months.

Ammunition Finds

 There were 227 rounds of ammunition found during the past 12 months compared to 823 rounds found in the previous 12 months.

Table 1: Number of firearms, explosives and rounds of ammunition seized by PSNI over the last 24 months (July 2023 to June 2025)

	Firearms	Explosives (kg)	Rounds of Ammunition		Firearms	Explosives (kg)	Rounds of Ammunition
Jul-23	1	0.00	6	Jul-24	0	0.00	3
Aug-23	1	0.00	27	Aug-24	1	0.00	9
Sep-23	4	2.29	112	Sep-24	0	0.00	6
Oct-23	3	0.00	257	Oct-24	0	0.00	0
Nov-23	1	0.31	181	Nov-24	1	0.00	47
Dec-23	0	0.00	115	Dec-24	0	0.00	1
Jan-24	1	0.22	11	Jan-25	0	0.00	4
Feb-24	1	0.00	12	Feb-25	2	0.00	11
Mar-24	5	0.00	59	Mar-25	0	0.00	5
Apr-24	0	0.00	2	Apr-25	0	0.00	1
May-24	1	0.30	37	May-25	0	0.00	7
Jun-24	1	0.00	4	Jun-25	2	0.01	133
Total	19	3.12	823	Total	6	0.01	227

4.7 Section 41 Terrorism Act Arrests and Subsequent Charges

Section 41 of the Terrorism Act 2000 enables police officers to arrest persons whom they reasonably suspect to be a terrorist. Following arrest under Section 41 of the Terrorism Act an individual may be charged with any offence (e.g. attempted murder) and not necessarily an offence listed under the Terrorism Act. Figures in this publication include only those arrests that are linked to the security situation in Northern Ireland; persons who have been arrested under Section 41 of the Terrorism Act for other reasons are excluded.

- There were 33 persons arrested under Section 41 of the Terrorism Act 2000 during the past 12 months, compared to 83 during the previous 12 months (see Figure 11).
- Of the 33 arrests, 12 occurred in Derry City and Strabane and 11 of them occurred in Belfast. Figures for all Districts are in Section 5.
- There were 5 persons arrested under Section 41 of the Terrorism Act 2000 and subsequently charged (with any offence) during the past 12 months, compared to 17 during the previous 12 months.

Figure 11: Number of persons arrested under S41 Terrorism Act over the last 24 months (July 2023 to June 2025)

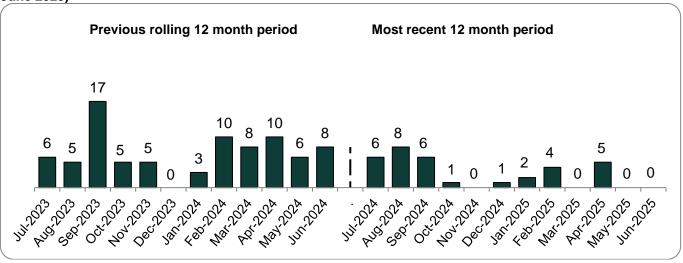
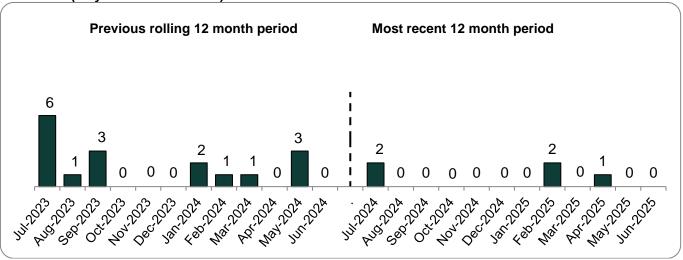


Figure 12: Number of persons arrested under S41 Terrorism Act and subsequently charged over the last 24 months (July 2023 to June 2025)



5. District level tables

Bombing and Shooting Incidents

	Bombing Incidents ¹			Shooting Incidents ²			
Policing District	12 months to June 24	12 months to June 25	Change	12 months to June 24	12 months to June 25	Change	
Belfast City	1	0	-1	7	1	-6	
Lisburn & Castlereagh City	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ards & North Down	0	0	0	3	6	3	
Newry, Mourne & Down	1	0	-1	0	0	0	
Armagh City, Banbridge & Craigavon	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Mid Ulster	1	0	-1	0	0	0	
Fermanagh & Omagh	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Derry City & Strabane	1	2	1	9	4	-5	
Causeway Coast & Glens	2	2	0	1	4	3	
Mid & East Antrim	0	0	0	0	1	1	
Antrim & Newtownabbey	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Northern Ireland	6	4	-2	20	16	-4	

Individual bombing incidents involve one or more explosive devices. Incidents include explosions and defusings. Incidents involving hoax devices, petrol bombings or incendiaries are excluded.

- 2) The following types of incidents are included:
 - Shots fired by terrorists
 - Shots fired by the security forces
 - Paramilitary-style attacks involving shootings
 - Shots heard (and later confirmed)

Casualties of Paramilitary-Style Attacks

	Casualties Resu Style	ulting from Para e Shootings³	Casualties Resulting from Paramilitary-Style Assaults ³			
Policing District	12 months to June 24	12 months to June 25	Change	12 months to June 24	12 months to June 25	Change
Belfast City	4	0	-4	10	11	1
Lisburn & Castlereagh City	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ards & North Down	1	4	3	2	3	1
Newry, Mourne & Down	0	0	0	1	0	-1
Armagh City, Banbridge & Craigavon	0	0	0	2	0	-2
Mid Ulster	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fermanagh & Omagh	0	0	0	0	0	0
Derry City & Strabane	3	1	-2	3	3	0
Causeway Coast & Glens	1	3	2	2	1	-1
Mid & East Antrim	0	0	0	5	1	-4
Antrim & Newtownabbey	0	0	0	2	1	-1
Northern Ireland	9	8	-1	27	20	-7

⁽³⁾ Paramilitary style assaults/shootings that result in death are counted as security related deaths and are not included in the casualties of paramilitary style assaults/shootings figures.

Arrests under Section 41 TACT and subsequent charges

	Section 41 Terrorism Act Arrests			Persons charged subsequent to S41 arrest ^{4,5}			
Policing District	12 months to June 24	12 months to June 25	Change	12 months to June 24	12 months to June 25	Change	
Belfast City	25	11	-14	2	1	-1	
Lisburn & Castlereagh City	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ards & North Down	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Newry, Mourne & Down	2	2	0	0	0	0	
Armagh City, Banbridge & Craigavon	0	1	1	0	0	0	
Mid Ulster	4	2	-2	2	1	-1	
Fermanagh & Omagh	4	3	-1	0	2	2	
Derry City & Strabane	36	12	-24	10	1	-9	
Causeway Coast & Glens	8	1	-7	2	0	-2	
Mid & East Antrim	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Antrim & Newtownabbey	4	1	-3	1	0	-1	
Northern Ireland	83	33	-50	17	5	-12	

⁽⁴⁾ Statistics refer to charges brought against a person after the original period of detention (including extensions). Any subsequent charges, additions, deletions to the original charges are not included.(5) Persons can be charged under legislation other than the Terrorism Act.

6. Revisions

Revisions are carried out in accordance with our <u>Revisions Policy</u>, a copy of which is available in the Official Statistics section of the PSNI Statistics website. Figures within the current financial year to date are provisional and will be subject to slight revision until figures for the full financial year are published. This means that the totals for each month from April 2025 can change each time the figures are published during the financial year. These amendments can happen for a number of reasons, such as an incident being included or excluded following further investigation by an officer.

Since the previous publication in June 2025 there have been no revisions made to the data.